Browser Basics



A web browser is the application used to access the Internet. Common browsers include Chrome, Firefox, Internet Explorer, Safari and Opera.

CONCEPTS

Page: a single document on the Internet.

Site: a collection of pages.

Window: the framework browsers uses to display pages.

Tab: a window nested into another browser window.

NAVIGATION

Web Address or URL (Uniform Resource Locator): address of a page, often prefaced with http://https://and/or www.

Address Bar: area that displays the current URL.

Navigation buttons: actions like Back, Forward, Refresh/Reload, Home. Links: text or images that jump to another page or site.

Bookmark/Favorite: a method of directly linking to a frequently visited page.

History: a list of all pages visited since the last time the browser history was cleared.

Cache: a snapshot of a page the browser stores on your hard drive.

Cookies: a piece of code the browser saves on your hard drive to store information as you navigate within a site.

Plug-ins: allow you to view different kinds of media.

CONSIDERATIONS

- » WiFi/ethernet network connection required.
- » If a page/site doesn't function well, switch browsers.
- » Don't ignore browser security updates.
- » Only download files from a reputable source.





- » "Internet 101: Browser Basics."
- » Fisher, Tim, "Is Facebook Down Right Now... or Is It Just You?" About.com, n.d.
- » Orgera, Scott. "Web Browser Basics -Web Browser Help and Web Browser History - About Web Browsers."

